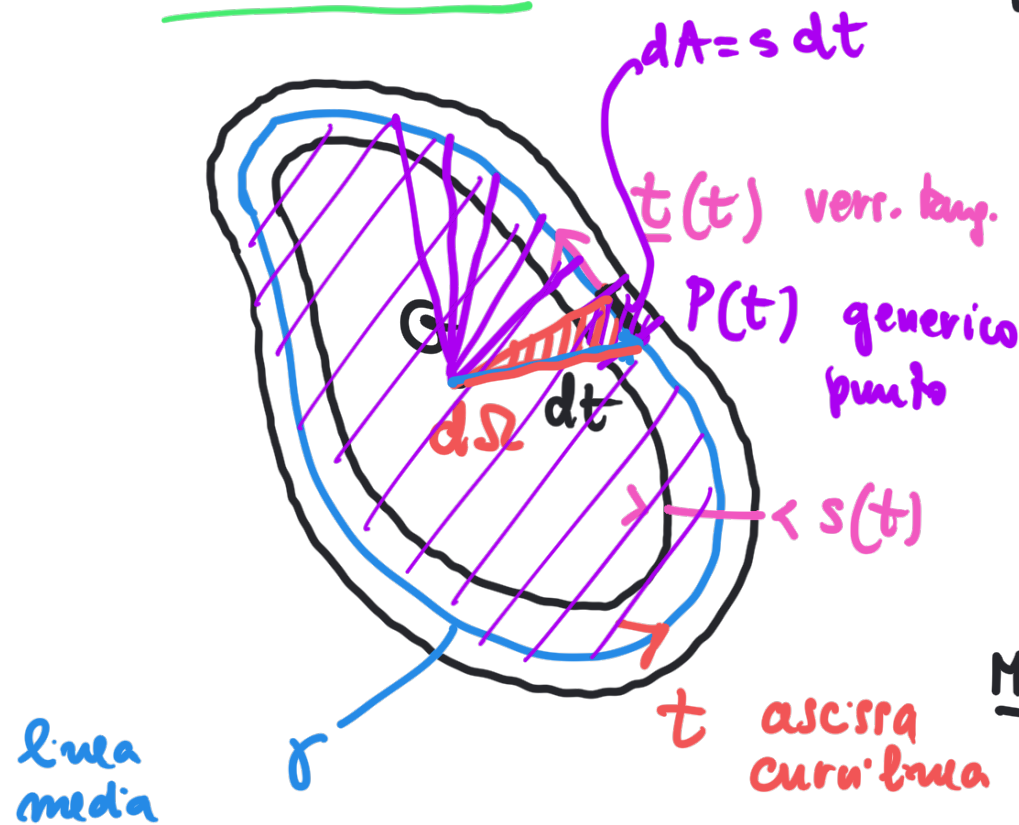


1^a formula di Bredt

$\underline{z}(t) = z(t) \underline{t}(t)$



$q := z(t) s(t) = \text{cost}$
flusso tang. lungo.

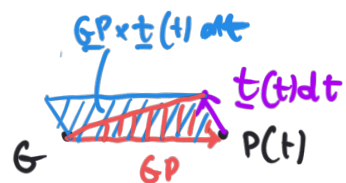


$d\underline{f}(t) = \overbrace{z(t) s(t)}^{dA} dt \underline{t}(t)$
 $= q \underline{t}(t) dt$

$d\underline{M}(t) = \underline{G} P(t) \times d\underline{f}(t)$
 $= q \underline{G} P(t) \times \underline{t}(t) dt$

$\underline{M} = q \oint \underline{G} P(t) \times \underline{t}(t) dt$
 $2 d\Omega \underline{k}$

$s(t) \ll \text{lungh. } \gamma$.



$\underline{M} = 2 q \Omega \underline{k}$

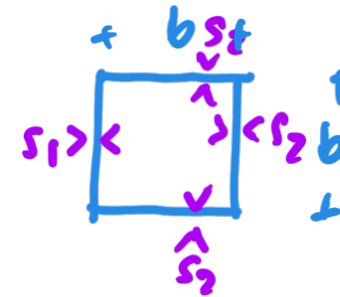
area racchiusa da γ

$M_t = 2 q \Omega = 2 z(t) s(t) \Omega$

$z(t) = \frac{M_t}{2 \Omega s(t)}$

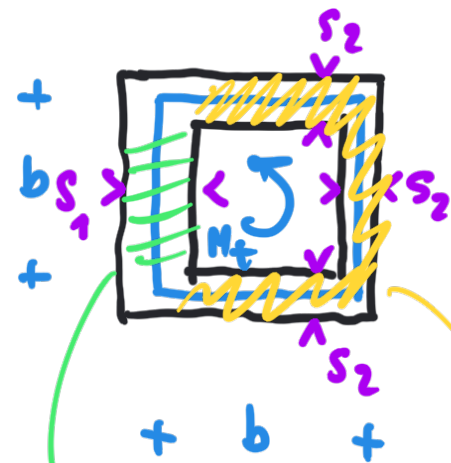
Seconda formula di Bredt

$$I_t = \frac{4\Omega^2}{\oint \frac{dt}{s(t)}}$$



$$\oint \frac{dt}{s(t)} = \frac{b}{s_1} + \frac{3b}{s_2} = \left(\frac{1}{s_1} + \frac{3}{s_2}\right)b$$

$$\frac{8}{7} b^3 s_2$$



$$s_1 = 2s_2$$

$$I_t = \frac{4b^3}{\left(\frac{1}{s_1} + \frac{3}{s_2}\right)} = \frac{4b^3}{\frac{1}{2s_2} + \frac{3}{s_2}} = \frac{4b^3 s_2}{7/2}$$

$$\Omega = b^2$$

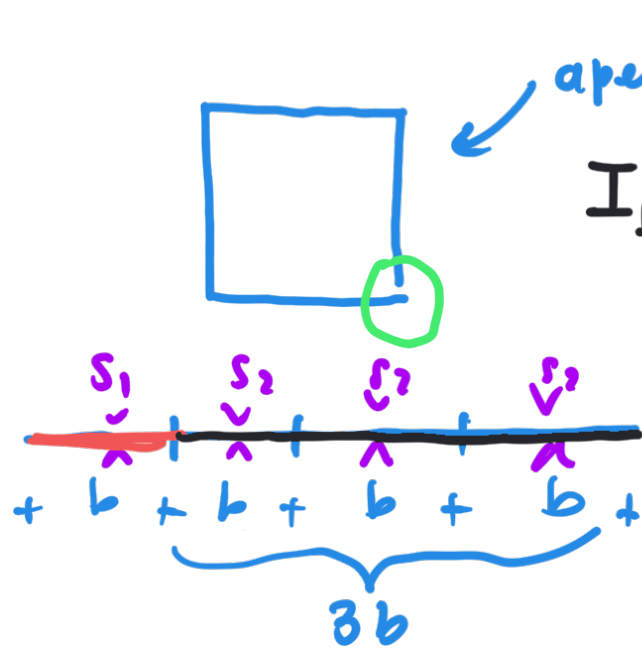
$$I_t = \frac{8}{7} b^3 s_2$$

$$\tau_1 = \frac{M_t}{2b^2 s_1}$$

$$\tau_2 = \frac{M_t}{2b^2 s_2}$$

prima formula di Bredt

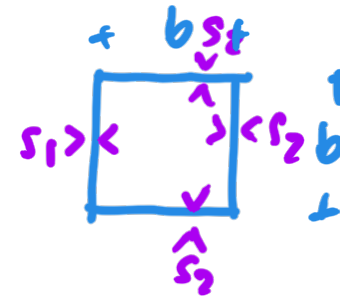
$$\tau(t) = \frac{M_t}{2\Omega s(t)}$$



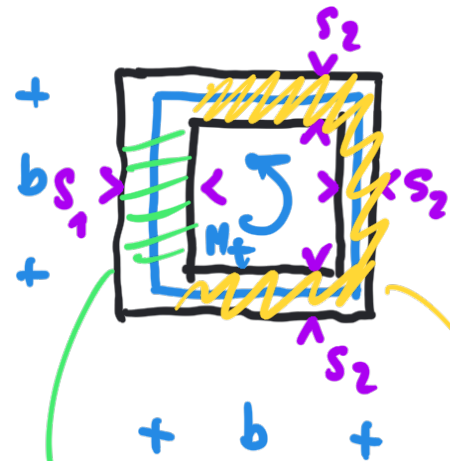
aperta

$$I_t = \frac{1}{3} b s_1^3 + \frac{1}{3} 3b s_2^3$$

$$\left(\frac{8}{3} + 1\right) b s_2^3$$



$$I_t^A = \frac{11}{3} b s_2^3 \quad \text{sezione aperta}$$



$$s_1 = 2s_2$$

sezione chiusa

$$I_t^C = \frac{8}{7} b^3 s_2$$

$$\Omega = b^2$$

$$\tau_1 = \frac{M_t}{2b^2 s_1}$$

$$\tau_2 = \frac{M_t}{2b^2 s_2}$$

$$\frac{I_t^C}{I_t^A} = \frac{\frac{8}{7} b^3 s_2}{\frac{11}{3} b s_2^3} = \frac{24}{77} \left(\frac{b}{s_2}\right)^2$$

$$b \gg s_2 \Rightarrow I_t^C \gg I_t^A \quad !!$$

prima formula di Bredt

$$\tau(t) = \frac{M_t}{2\Omega s(t)}$$